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Part two: biennial programme plan

Programme 18
Economic and social development in Latin America and the Caribbean

Contents

		Page
Overall orientation		3
Subprogramme 1.	Linkages with the global economy, regional integration and cooperation	6
Subprogramme 2.	Production and innovation	8
Subprogramme 3.	Macroeconomic policies and growth	10
Subprogramme 4.	Social development and equality	11
Subprogramme 5.	Mainstreaming the gender perspective in regional development	13
Subprogramme 6.	Population and development	14
Subprogramme 7.	Sustainable development and human settlements	16
Subprogramme 8.	Natural resources and infrastructure	18
Subprogramme 9.	Planning of public administration	20
Subprogramme 10.	Statistics	21
Subprogramme 11.	Subregional activities in Central America, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Haiti and Mexico	23
Subprogramme 12.	Subregional activities in the Caribbean	25

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Subprogramme 13. Support for regional and subregional integration and cooperation processes and organizations 26

Legislative mandates 28

Overall orientation

18.1 The overall purpose of the programme is to promote the economic, social and environmentally sustainable development of Latin America and the Caribbean through international cooperation, by undertaking applied research and comparative analysis of development processes and providing the relevant normative, operational capacity development and technical cooperation services in support of regional development efforts.

18.2 The mandate for the programme, which falls within the purview of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), derives from Economic and Social Council resolution 106 (VI), by which the Council established the Commission for the purpose of contributing to and coordinating action towards the economic and social development of the region and reinforcing economic relationships among the countries of the region and with other regions and countries in the world. In 1996, pursuant to Commission resolution 553 (XXVI), the Commission was instructed, inter alia, to collaborate with Member States in the comprehensive analysis of development processes geared towards the design, monitoring and evaluation of public policies and the resulting provision of operational services in the fields of specialized information, advisory services, training and support for regional and international cooperation and coordination.

18.3 The Commission will continue to pursue key objectives shared by all the regional commissions, to support the development pillar of the United Nations, to foster economic integration at the subregional and regional levels, to promote the implementation of "Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development" (General Assembly resolution 70/1) and the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development (Assembly resolution 69/313), together with the internationally agreed sustainable development goals, and to facilitate sustainable development by helping to bridge economic, social and environmental gaps between and among countries in the region and the industrialized economies.

18.4 To achieve those objectives, ECLAC will continue to respond to the needs of the countries in the region, serving as a regional forum and facilitator in building regional consensus, supporting public-policy formulation to meet the development challenges facing the region and promoting and conducting multilateral dialogue, sharing knowledge and networking at the interregional, regional and subregional levels. The Commission will promote intraregional and interregional cooperation through coordinated actions with other regional commissions and will collaborate with other regional organizations, particularly with United Nations entities.

18.5 The overall strategy of the Commission for achieving the objectives of the programme is structured around 13 interdependent and complementary subprogrammes, implemented through an integrated and multidisciplinary approach. Special efforts have been made to ensure that the gender mainstreaming strategy of the Commission is reflected throughout the present biennial programme plan.

18.6 The integration of subprogramme 4, Financing for development, which is focused on the mobilization of resources, with subprogramme 3, Macroeconomic policies and growth, is hereby proposed in response to the increasing demands from member States for analysis and policy proposals to tackle the new challenges for macroeconomic policymaking within the framework and targets of the 2030 Agenda

for Sustainable Development and the Addis Ababa Action Agenda. A key element of both agendas is a focus on domestic resource mobilization and its complementarities with external resource mobilization. The integration of the two subprogrammes will increase the capacity to design new macroeconomic policies — fiscal, monetary and financial — geared towards mobilizing domestic and external resources in line with the goals and targets outlined in the 2030 Agenda, in particular Goal 8, "Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all", and Goal 17, "Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development". With regard to fiscal policy, this will permit strengthening the analysis of the links between domestic fiscal efforts and fiscal coordination and cooperation at the global level, which play a central role in assessing the capacity of countries to increase their ability to mobilize domestic financing for development. It will also facilitate the introduction of new areas of work that arise from the Addis Ababa Action Agenda, namely, illicit financial flows, tax coordination and transfer pricing, among others. Synergies resulting from the integration of the two subprogrammes will allow ECLAC to better respond to demands from member countries in these new areas, as part of the fit-for-purpose efforts carried out by the Commission.

18.7 The main guidelines and overarching orientation for the formulation of the strategic framework for the biennium 2018-2019 were drawn from the internationally agreed development goals stemming from the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic and social fields, in particular those set forth in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Addis Ababa Action Agenda.

18.8 In the light of a sluggish global economic recovery and a fall in commodity prices, gross domestic product (GDP) growth rates in Latin America and the Caribbean have been decreasing steadily since 2010, reflecting negative growth in 2015. One of the factors that explain this result is the slowdown in domestic demand, led by a decrease in investment. Moreover, performance has been very uneven among countries and subregions, which is associated with the varying degrees of global financial integration; exposure to the real cycle of the advanced economies; the impact of commodity prices on the terms of trade; and the different initial conditions, institutional settings and policy measures in place in each economy.

18.9 In addition, the region still carries a legacy that perpetuates inequalities and exclusion mechanisms. Regional poverty rates decreased significantly between 2002 and 2012 (from 43.9 per cent to 28.1 per cent); however, in recent years they have remained relatively constant, which raises some concern that the sustained decrease has reached a plateau. These results give rise to the need to rethink public policies in this area, in a region that remains the most unequal in the world and at a time when Latin America's weak social protection systems are facing tremendous redistributive challenges with limited fiscal capacity.

18.10 At the same time, a new global geopolitical map is taking shape, prompting a rethinking of strategic alliances and lending greater weight and importance to South-South relations. In that context, the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Addis Ababa Action Agenda represents a change in paradigm. The 2030 Agenda seeks to be a universal agenda that integrates the economic, social and environmental dimensions as the core pillars of sustainable

development. Its implementation will represent significant changes in production and consumption patterns and stake out a path towards greater equality between gender and generations, recognizing at the same time the importance of eradicating poverty until 2030.

18.11 To address this change in paradigm, considerable means of implementation are required. To achieve the Sustainable Development Goals, it is necessary to mobilize significant amounts of resources, technology and capacity in a difficult global environment. ECLAC has assumed ownership of this profound transformation.

18.12 In that regard, ECLAC advocates a single universal sustainable development agenda, with equality at its core and in the context of common but differentiated responsibilities. In order to do this, the Commission has identified as its main priorities: (a) improving macroeconomic stability and institution-building, and the region's position in the international economy; (b) increasing the region's access to international financing and domestic resource mobilization for development, as well as improving public management; (c) enhancing the region's productive potential and reducing productivity gaps to achieve convergence, with a particular emphasis on innovation and new technologies; and (d) promoting fiscal and social covenants, as well as the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Sustainable Development Goals and the resulting strategies and public policies, including policies and programmes on energy efficiency and climate change that take into account the outcome of the United Nations Conference of Climate Change. The above-mentioned priorities were set out in the Commission's three most recent position documents, which were presented to and approved by national Governments of Latin America and the Caribbean at the three most recent biennial sessions of the Commission.

18.13 Given the complexity of the reform processes under way in the region and the rapidly evolving demands from member States, ECLAC will continue to provide timely and relevant analysis and policy recommendations regarding development issues. The Commission will work closely with the Governments in the region and other counterpart institutions to reinforce linkages between national experiences and regional perspectives, facilitate the comparability of data and the exchange of good practices, and provide effective technical cooperation services with regard to transboundary issues under its purview.

18.14 To that end, the Commission will emphasize analytical, normative, advocacy and capacity-building work to strengthen the design of sustainable development strategies and public policies and to facilitate the continuous monitoring of their practical implementation as part of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Operational services in the areas of specialized information, technical cooperation and training will foster cooperation, networking and the sharing of good practices at the subregional, regional and interregional levels, including South-South cooperation.

18.15 ECLAC will continue to work on the integrated and comprehensive follow-up to the world summits from a regional perspective, in particular in articulating the region's approach to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. For that purpose, ECLAC will reinforce its leading role as the convener of the regional coordination mechanism to coordinate the work programme of the United Nations development pillar in the region, which reports to the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly. At the same time, it is expected that the Latin American and Caribbean regional forum for the

implementation of the decisions adopted at the World Summit on Sustainable Development will be fully established and carrying out its functions with the support of the ECLAC secretariat, particularly with respect to follow-up and review at the regional level, and reporting to the high-level political forum on sustainable development at the global level, thereby linking the national, regional and global dimensions in this process. The Commission will continue its active participation to foster substantive coordination among all participating entities in the Executive Committee on Economic and Social Affairs as a key global mechanism for ensuring coherence in common thematic areas among entities of the United Nations Secretariat working in the social and economic sectors.

18.16 ECLAC will continue to serve as the technical secretariat for its various subsidiary bodies: the Committee of the Whole, the Committee on South-South Cooperation, the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee, the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean, the Regional Council for Planning, the Statistical Conference of the Americas, the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean, the Conference on Science, Innovation and Information and Communications Technologies and the Regional Conference on Social Development in Latin America and the Caribbean.

18.17 Collaboration will also be continued with the Bretton Woods institutions, especially the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank, as well as with other inter-American and Ibero-American organizations such as the Organization of American States (OAS), the Inter-American Development Bank, the Ibero-American General Secretariat and the Andean Development Corporation.

18.18 Furthermore, ECLAC will reinforce its close cooperation with regional mechanisms such as the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States, the Union of South American Nations, the Caribbean Community (CARICOM), the Latin American Integration Association, the Southern Common Market (MERCOSUR), the Central American Integration System and the Bolivarian Alliance for the Peoples of Our America-Peoples' Trade Agreement. ECLAC will also strengthen its collaboration with private sector associations, non-governmental and civil society organizations, think tanks and the academic sector to promote policy dialogue and to engage them in the implementation of the sustainable development agenda.

Subprogramme 1
Linkages with the global economy, regional integration and cooperation

Objective of the Organization: To enhance regional integration and cooperation to strengthen the role of Latin America and the Caribbean region in international trade and the global economy

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Improved capacity of Latin American and Caribbean countries to participate effectively in global and regional value chains	(i) Increased number of national institutions in the region formulating or adopting trade and integration policies, measures and actions to participate effectively in global and regional value chains in line with ECLAC recommendations

	(ii) Increased percentage of stakeholders (government officials, academics, representatives of the private sector, civil society and integration mechanisms, among others) who acknowledge that they have benefited from the analysis and policy recommendations contained in the publication *Latin America and the Caribbean in the World Economy* and other non-recurrent publications, to improve their countries' participation in global and regional value chains
(b) Strengthened capacity of regional stakeholders to assess the impact on, and potential contribution of trade policy to, sustainable development, including poverty reduction, gender equality, job creation, internationalization of small and medium-sized enterprises and mitigation of climate change	(i) Increased number of national institutions in the region formulating or adopting policies, measures and actions in line with ECLAC recommendations to assess the impact on and contribution of trade to sustainable development
	(ii) Increased number of public institutions and private organizations acknowledging that they have benefited from ECLAC technical cooperation services and have improved their capacities in relation to trade and sustainable development

Strategy

18.19 Responsibility for the implementation of the subprogramme rests with the International Trade and Integration Division, which works in close collaboration with the Commission's offices in Brasilia and Washington, D.C., and with other ECLAC divisions. The strategy will take into account relevant provisions relating to the Sustainable Development Goals and targets, in particular those concerning gender equality and the empowerment of women, poverty reduction, environmental sustainability, the promotion of sustainable and inclusive economic growth, the building of resilient infrastructure, the promotion of inclusive and sustainable industrialization and the fostering of innovation, the reduction of inequality within and among countries, and the global partnership for development.

18.20 The subprogramme is oriented towards strengthening the role of Latin American and Caribbean countries in world trade and the global economy by building their capacity to formulate and implement trade policies and export development strategies. Analytical studies and recommendations support stakeholders facing new challenges in international trade, trade negotiations, regional integration and international economic relations.

18.21 The subprogramme will cover the following areas of work: (a) the adjustment of national and regional trade policies to face the new challenges of the twenty-first century: innovation and technological progress, services, global and regional value chains and the internationalization of small and medium-sized enterprises, trade facilitation, new public and private standards, environmental sustainability and links with new emerging issues; (b) the negotiation,

implementation and administration of trade agreements at the bilateral, regional, plurilateral and/or multilateral levels; (c) South-South trade, investment and cooperation, including the role of emerging economies; (d) the monitoring of developments in trade and regional integration in Asia and trade relations between Latin America and the Caribbean and Asia; and (e) the promotion and diversification of exports: inter-agency coordination and public-private cooperation, institutional modernization, trade facilitation and Aid for Trade initiatives, and international best practices.

18.22 The subprogramme will respond to the needs of stakeholders by providing updated information, analysis and policy recommendations to policymakers in the countries of the region and private sector institutions and other organizations at the local, subregional and regional levels. It will continue to coordinate and cooperate with the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), the World Trade Organization (WTO), the International Trade Centre, the International Labour Organization (ILO), the World Bank, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), the Latin American Economic System, the Inter-American Development Bank, OAS, the United Nations regional commissions, regional development banks, various regional integration mechanisms and public, semi-public and private entities with responsibility for trade, integration and sustainable development.

Subprogramme 2
Production and innovation

Objective of the Organization: To enhance structural change, productivity growth and innovation in Latin America and the Caribbean with due consideration to the new technological paradigms, sustainable development, gender equality and linkages with the global economy

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Strengthened capacity of Latin American and Caribbean Governments to formulate policies and strategies to transform the production structure through innovation and the diffusion of technology in the production matrix, and the creation of linkages among activities, firms and sectors	(i) Increased number of policies, measures or actions adopted by countries in the region aimed at enhancing the competitiveness of production structures in line with ECLAC recommendations (ii) Increased number of government authorities and public institutions acknowledging that they have benefited from ECLAC technical cooperation services or analytical inputs to improve their capacities in relation to the promotion of the productivity and competitiveness of their production structures

(b) Strengthened institutional knowledge and capabilities of Latin American and Caribbean countries to foster the diversification of the production structure, to reduce the productivity gap with the developed economies, and to incorporate innovation and new technologies into production and management	(i) Increased percentage of participants in seminars, workshops or training courses of the subprogramme acknowledging that they have benefited from ECLAC technical cooperation services to improve their capacities to promote productivity convergence, encourage innovation and support the incorporation of new technologies (ii) Increased percentage of respondents to surveys acknowledging that they have used the analysis and policy recommendations on investment patterns, competitiveness, agricultural and rural development contained in the publications *Foreign Direct Investment in Latin America and the Caribbean*, *The Outlook for Agriculture and Rural Development in the Americas* and other selected publications of the subprogramme to strengthen their technical capacity or to support their work tasks

Strategy

18.23 The Division of Production, Productivity and Management will be responsible for the implementation of the subprogramme, in coordination with other ECLAC divisions and offices. The strategy will take into account relevant aspects of the Sustainable Development Goals, particularly those relating to the reduction of poverty by promoting productive employment, the promotion of a global partnership for development and the dissemination of the benefits of new technologies.

18.24 Emphasis will be placed on: new technologies (information and communications technology (ICT), biotechnologies for health, industry and agriculture, the convergence of nanotechnology, biotechnology, information technology and cognitive science, and new clean and sustainable energy sources), new manufacturing processes, information systems, small and medium-sized enterprise promotion policies, foreign direct investment and productive development policies.

18.25 Under the subprogramme, economic analyses will be conducted along with applied research based on the generation, processing and analysis of information and indicators; the results will be disseminated and policy recommendations will be submitted to Governments, regional bodies and other relevant stakeholders. The Division will promote policy advocacy and the exchange of experiences and best practices with respect to the dynamics of productive development among stakeholders at the regional, national and local levels through meetings, seminars and electronic forums, including the provision of technical cooperation services, specific training courses and workshops. In addition, the creation and operation of networks will be supported to generate, update and disseminate knowledge.

18.26 In order to achieve the expected results, strategic partnerships will be established with Governments and institutions, at the national and local levels and in the various subregions. The Division will bring Governments together through the organization of the Conference on Science, Innovation and Information and

Communications Technologies, a subsidiary body of the Commission. Nexuses with other international organizations, especially in the United Nations system, will also be pursued, especially in the light of the need for deeper collaboration on cross-sectoral issues.

18.27 The main beneficiaries of the subprogramme will be governmental authorities and public officials of the countries in the region, civil society organizations, academic and private sector institutions and local, regional and subregional organizations. The subprogramme will continue to carry out consultations and work in close collaboration with high-level authorities responsible for innovation, rural, agricultural and industrial development, investment and the promotion of small and medium-sized enterprises, and with other organizations of the United Nations system.

Subprogramme 3
Macroeconomic policies and growth

Objective of the Organization: To achieve sustainable and inclusive economic growth in Latin American and Caribbean countries by enhancing the design and implementation of suitable macroeconomic policies and the efficient generation and allocation of necessary financing for development resources

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Strengthened capacity of policymakers and other stakeholders in Latin America and the Caribbean to analyse current and emerging macroeconomic and development financing issues	(i) Percentage of surveyed readers who acknowledge having benefited from the subprogramme's publications in terms of strengthening their capacity to analyse macroeconomic and development financing issues
	(ii) Number of references to the publications and activities of the subprogramme included in official, academic and specialized publications
(b) Increased capacity of policymakers of Latin America and the Caribbean to evaluate, design and implement macroeconomic and development financing policies on the basis of comparative policy analysis that foster sustainable and inclusive economic growth	(i) Percentage of surveyed participants in networks organized under the subprogramme who consider the work of the forums and their policy recommendations on macroeconomic and development financing policies as "useful" or "very useful" for macroeconomic and development financing policymaking
	(ii) Number of policies, measures or actions taken by economic and development policymaking authorities in line with ECLAC recommendations

Strategy

18.28 Substantive responsibility for the execution of the subprogramme rests with the Economic Development Division, which will now include the Financing for

Development Unit. The Division will work in close collaboration with the ECLAC subregional and national offices.

18.29 Under the subprogramme, the Division will conduct applied research into the macroeconomic and development financing policies of Latin American and Caribbean countries, providing timely and accurate information and analyses, disaggregated by gender whenever possible, and policy options and recommendations through its recurrent and specialized publications, workshops and seminars. The Division will also support the establishment and operation of networks for the sharing of experiences and good practices and provide technical cooperation activities and advisory services, as requested.

18.30 To ensure the accuracy of information, the relevance of its publications and contribution to policy dialogues, the Division will collaborate closely with its national counterparts, namely, ministries of finance, central banks and other stakeholders concerned with macroeconomic policies, which will also be the main direct beneficiaries of the subprogramme's work. Other beneficiaries will include academia and research institutes, the private sector and civil society.

18.31 The subprogramme will work in close collaboration with institutions such as the World Bank, IMF, OECD and the Bank for International Settlements, and with United Nations bodies, in particular the Department of Economic and Social Affairs, ILO and UNCTAD. Regional partner institutions will include the Andean Development Corporation, the Latin American Association of Development Financing Institutions, the Central American Bank for Economic Integration, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Caribbean Development Bank and the Latin American Reserve Fund, among others.

Subprogramme 4
Social development and equality

Objective of the Organization: To achieve greater social and economic equality in the region and contribute to the overall well-being of the people of the region in line with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and a rights-based approach

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Enhanced capacity of the central or subnational governments in the region to formulate policies, plans and programmes that address the structural and emerging equality gaps affecting different socioeconomic and population groups, with an approach based on human rights and sustainable development	(i) Number of social policies, plans and programmes formulated, adopted or updated by central or subnational governments in countries of the region to address the structural and emerging equality gaps, in line with ECLAC recommendations (ii) Increased percentage of surveyed readers who acknowledge that they have increased their knowledge and capacity to formulate public policies, plans and programmes that address the structural and emerging equality gaps as a result of the analysis and recommendations on social policies and programmes contained in the flagship or

	institutional documents prepared for the Regional Conference on Social Development in Latin America and the Caribbean and/or other selected publications
(b) Strengthened technical capacity of social policy institutions to improve the effectiveness, efficiency, transparency and sustainability of their public action, and to develop synergies with other social policies, institutions and stakeholders	(i) Number of social policy institutions that acknowledge improvements in the effectiveness, efficiency, transparency and sustainability of their public action and in developing synergies with other social policies, institutions and stakeholders in accordance with the technical assistance provided by ECLAC
	(ii) Number of stakeholders acknowledging that they have benefited from ECLAC technical cooperation services to improve social policies and programmes towards the reduction of poverty and equality gaps

Strategy

18.32 The Social Development Division will be responsible for the implementation of the subprogramme. It will work in close collaboration with other ECLAC divisions, as well as with the Commission's subregional headquarters and national offices and with other agencies of the United Nations system. The strategy will take into account the internationally agreed development goals stemming from the major United Nations conferences in the economic and social fields, especially those deriving from the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

18.33 The strategy will consist of developing applied qualitative and quantitative research, generating analyses, disseminating results and formulating policy recommendations to strengthen the capacity of stakeholders to make sound diagnostic assessments of social issues for application in policy design and implementation, and to strengthen the existing networks in order to generate, update and disseminate relevant information and facilitate the exchange of experiences and good practices among policymakers, scholars and other stakeholders.

18.34 The main beneficiaries of the subprogramme will be government institutions of the countries of the region responsible for social policy management, regional and subregional organizations, academic institutions and other research centres and non-governmental organizations. The strategy also contemplates cooperation with other regional commissions and intergovernmental and multilateral institutions, as well as South-South cooperation.

18.35 The subprogramme will also serve as a catalyst for policy dialogue on issues pertaining to the regional agenda such as poverty eradication, social protection systems with a human rights, multidimensional and gender approach, the reduction of inequalities and citizen participation.

Subprogramme 5
Mainstreaming the gender perspective in regional development

Objective of the Organization: To mainstream a gender equality perspective into sustainable and inclusive development strategies of the Latin American and Caribbean countries

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Strengthened capacity of countries in the region to implement gender equality policies in line with the regional consensus, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and other international agreements	(i) Increased number of policies, measures or actions adopted by the countries of the region in priority areas for gender equality in the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
	(ii) Increased number of stakeholders reporting that they have benefited from using the Gender Equality Observatory for Latin America and the Caribbean to improve their work to implement gender equality policies
(b) Strengthened capacity of countries in the region to implement the agreements of the thirteenth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean, especially in relation to women's economic autonomy	(i) Increased number of policies, measures or actions adopted by the countries of the region in response to the agreements of the thirteenth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean, including issues relating to sustainable development with a gender perspective
	(ii) Increased number of stakeholders reporting that they have benefited from technical cooperation from ECLAC, and from participating in horizontal South-South technical cooperation facilitated by ECLAC, to improve their work and to implement the agreements of the thirteenth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean, including policy design with aspects of sustainable development with a gender perspective

Strategy

18.36 The Division for Gender Affairs will be responsible for the implementation of the subprogramme. In the light of the interdisciplinary nature of mainstreaming the gender perspective in regional development, the Division will work in close coordination with, and provide support to, ECLAC divisions and subregional and national offices. The objectives will be pursued within the framework of the internationally agreed development goals and the mandates and gender mainstreaming strategy of the Commission.

18.37 Under the subprogramme, the Division will assist the countries of the region in the development of strategies for mainstreaming the gender perspective with a

rights-based approach in national policies, including their formulation, implementation and monitoring, using statistics and gender indicators. Particular attention will be devoted to women's economic autonomy in an integral framework, connected to physical autonomy and decision-making autonomy.

18.38 The subprogramme will seek to promote dialogue and strengthen the relations between public actors and other stakeholders in relation to gender equality, and will provide technical assistance to Governments in those areas.

18.39 Lastly, member States will benefit from the use of the Gender Equality Observatory for Latin America and the Caribbean and increased knowledge-sharing to shed light on the nature of current regional problems, through the wide dissemination of the main publications and findings of the subprogramme among policymakers, academics and other stakeholders at international events and key forums.

Subprogramme 6
Population and development

Objective of the Organization: To improve the integration of population issues into development policies and programmes in the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Increased capacity of Latin American and Caribbean stakeholders concerned with population and development matters to monitor population trends and address population and development issues, with a gender-sensitive approach, for use in sociodemographic policies and programmes	(i) Increased number of Latin American and Caribbean stakeholders concerned with population and development issues who acknowledge using demographic knowledge, methodologies and tools, and information on population and development generated by ECLAC for use in development policies and programmes
	(ii) Increased percentage of surveyed participants in seminars, workshops, training courses or technical cooperation activities acknowledging that they have benefited from ECLAC technical cooperation services in the areas of monitoring population trends and tackling population and development issues for use in sociodemographic policies and programmes
(b) Increased technical capacity of Latin American and Caribbean countries to monitor and implement the recommendations and goals of the Framework of Action for the follow-up to the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014, the Montevideo Consensus on Population and Development, the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing and other international agreements related to those issues	Increased number of policies, measures or actions taken by Latin American and Caribbean countries to monitor and implement the recommendations and goals of the Framework of Action for the follow-up to the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014, the Montevideo Consensus on Population and Development, the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing and other international agreements related to those issues

Strategy

18.40 The Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre — Population Division of ECLAC will be responsible for the implementation of the subprogramme, which will be guided by the Montevideo Consensus on Population and Development and centred on the full integration of population dynamics into rights-based sustainable development with equality.

18.41 The work of the subprogramme will be undertaken in close collaboration with other ECLAC divisions, in particular the Social Development Division, the Division for Gender Affairs, the Statistics Division, the Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division and the subregional headquarters for the Caribbean in Port of Spain.

18.42 The strategy will envisage the following lines of work: (a) providing training on demography and population studies to technical staff in national and local institutions so as to enhance the capacities of countries to monitor population trends and tackle population and development issues; (b) providing technical support in the follow-up to the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014, in the implementation of the Montevideo Consensus on Population and Development, in the fulfilment of the Regional Strategy for the Implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing, and in the monitoring of the goals related to population and development and the goals stemming from the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development; (c) analysing demographic trends, population estimates and projections in the region; (d) improving the use of census data, vital statistics and surveys through the generation of data and the development of procedures, computer programs and information systems; and (e) providing technical assistance to countries in the region for the inclusion of sociodemographic inputs in social programming at the national and local levels for decision-making in the design and implementation of public policies.

18.43 Specialized advisory and technical cooperation services will be provided and workshops and seminars held to facilitate horizontal cooperation, networking and the sharing of experiences. In addition, applied research and analysis will be carried out and disseminated through publications serving as reference material for countries. ICT will be used to widely disseminate sociodemographic data in order to make the subprogramme's products available as a public good.

18.44 The main beneficiaries will be government authorities and officials, particularly those working on population-related issues. Other beneficiaries will include public, private and civil society entities responsible for the design and management of programmes and projects at the national and local levels, professional associations, universities and other academic institutions.

18.45 The subprogramme will work closely with the Population and Statistics Divisions of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations and the other entities of the Executive Committee on Economic and Social Affairs that participate in the population cluster, with specialized bodies such as the United Nations Population Fund, the Pan-American Health Organization/World Health Organization, the United Nations Children's Fund, ILO, the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and

Cultural Organization, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat), and with intergovernmental organizations such as OAS, the International Organization for Migration, the World Bank, the Ibero-American Youth Organization, the Inter-American Development Bank and the Ibero-American General Secretariat. The Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre — Population Division is also expected to remain the lead entity in Latin America and the Caribbean in the inter-agency working group on international migration.

Subprogramme 7
Sustainable development and human settlements

Objective of the Organization: To improve the integration of environmental, climate change and urban management issues into economic, social and land-use policies in the framework of sustainable development

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Increased capacity of Latin American and Caribbean countries to integrate sustainability criteria into development policies and measures, particularly in relation to sustainable development, climate change adaptation and mitigation measures and human settlements	(i) Increased number of policies, measures or actions adopted by countries in the areas of sustainable development, climate change and human settlements, in line with ECLAC recommendations (ii) Percentage of surveyed participants in meetings, workshops and training courses acknowledging that they have benefited from the ECLAC analysis and policy recommendations on sustainable development, climate change and human settlements to integrate sustainability criteria into their work on development policies and measures
(b) Enhanced capacity of the Governments of the region and other stakeholders to follow up and make progress in the implementation of international agreements relating to sustainable development, climate change and human settlements	Increased number of policy actions, measures or steps undertaken by Governments and other stakeholders in the region that follow up on and make progress in the implementation of international agreements relating to sustainable development, including urban development, in line with ECLAC recommendations

Strategy

18.46 The Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division will be responsible for the implementation of the subprogramme, working in close coordination with other ECLAC divisions and offices, in order to mainstream the integration of environmental concerns with respect to climate change in the context of the Sustainable Development Goals and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

18.47 The work of the subprogramme will focus on three main areas: (a) the evaluation of the advances made in integrating environmental aspects of sustainable development and sustainability criteria into public policies (Sustainable Development Goals 9 and 12), namely, green fiscal policy, environmentally sensible investment, urban development and sectoral areas, and institution-building for environmental management, including Principle 10 of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development; and the follow-up to international and regional agreements on sustainable development, with reference to how the environment pillar is addressed; a key milestone in the process will be the support for the high-level political forum on sustainable development and the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in the region; (b) public policies for the sustainability of human settlements and the implementation of the 2030 Agenda (Sustainable Development Goals 11 and 13), including the outcomes of the United Nations Conference on Housing and Sustainable Urban Development (Habitat III); and (c) climate change (Sustainable Development Goals 9, 10, 12, 13 and 15), which constitutes a key issue on the regional agenda, as there is a vast potential for integrating environmental, sectoral and economic policies, considering at the same time risk management activities to adapt to climate variability.

18.48 The main beneficiaries of the subprogramme will be the authorities responsible for sustainable development and those responsible for human settlements. Economic and sectoral authorities are an important target group for mainstreaming sustainable development and climate change issues into areas that extend beyond environmental institutions. Other beneficiaries will include regional and subregional organizations, universities, academic research centres, business sectors and non-governmental organizations. The strategy will also include creating networks with a wide range of stakeholders in the environmental sphere and the economic and social sectors relating to climate change, including government institutions, civil society organizations, private sector representatives and relevant sectoral bodies.

18.49 In implementing the subprogramme, the Division will continue to hold consultations and undertake joint actions with the specialized agencies, programmes and funds of the United Nations system, including UNDP, the United Nations Environment Programme and UN-Habitat, as well as with regional and subregional development banks that deal with environmental issues. Under the umbrella of the regional coordination mechanism, the subprogramme leads inter-agency joint documents on sustainable development.

Subprogramme 8
Natural resources and infrastructure

Objective of the Organization: To improve the sustainable management of natural resources and infrastructure services in Latin American and Caribbean countries and to increase competitiveness and socioeconomic development

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Strengthened institutional capacity in the countries of the region to formulate and implement public policies and regulatory frameworks to increase efficiency in the sustainable management of natural resources and in the provision of public utilities and infrastructure services	(i) Increased number of new policies, measures or actions adopted by countries of the Latin American and Caribbean region in the areas of the sustainable management of natural resources and the provision of public utilities and infrastructure services in line with ECLAC recommendations
	(ii) Increased number of stakeholders acknowledging that they have benefited from ECLAC technical cooperation services to improve their work in the area of the sustainable management of natural resources and the provision of public utilities and infrastructure services
(b) Enhanced coordination and policy harmonization on the sustainable management of natural resources and the provision of public utilities and infrastructure services at the subregional and regional levels	Increased number of public, academic and business institutions taking action to coordinate or harmonize policies for the management of natural resources and/or for the provision of public utilities and infrastructure services at the subregional and regional levels in line with ECLAC recommendations

Strategy

18.50 The Natural Resources and Infrastructure Division will be responsible for implementing the subprogramme, in close coordination with other ECLAC divisions and offices. The subprogramme will provide stakeholders of the region with analytical studies and systematized information and data regarding the regulation and management of natural resources and the provision of public utilities and infrastructure services in the context of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Sustainable Development Goals.

18.51 Priority will be given to the provision of technical assistance and advisory services to countries, at their request, in the spheres of the management of mineral, energy and water resources, with particular emphasis on their economic and social impacts, and also regarding the policies on and regulation of the provision of public utilities and infrastructure services. Support will be given to discussion forums to disseminate new policy options and the functioning of knowledge networks for the sharing of good practices and lessons learned. The subprogramme will also carry out

training activities for decision makers, public officials and experts in the above-mentioned areas.

18.52 To deepen the catalytic role of ECLAC in the management of natural resources, the subprogramme is proposing the creation of a centre for the governance of natural resources, both extractive (oil and mining) and renewable (arable land, forest resources and maritime resources), aimed at responding to the governmental requests generated as a result of the high-level round table entitled "Towards a vision on natural resource governance for equality in Latin America and the Caribbean", held in Santiago in January 2015. ECLAC has been requested to propose a regional vision on natural resources. The idea of structuring a dedicated centre in the Natural Resources and Infrastructure Division, within existing resources, also comes from the positive experience of the Economic Commission for Africa in that respect.

18.53 The centre would allow for: (a) a forum for discussion with the objective of helping to build a common regional vision on governance; (b) an entity providing technical assistance for countries, to promote the transformative role of natural resources in the full development of the region; (c) a focal point for the systematization of databases and indicators of common interest for the region; (d) a regional reference in terms of the provision of technical advisory and capacity-building services on the matter; and (e) the fostering of convergence among the several areas of knowledge related to natural resources governance, namely, the water-energy nexus, infrastructure requirements and fiscal management, among others.

18.54 In the area of infrastructure services, two principal lines of intervention are envisaged: (a) monitoring the evolution of the economic infrastructure gap in the region and its impact on sustainable development; and (b) promoting the paradigm shift in public policies on infrastructure, particularly those dealing with logistics and mobility.

18.55 The main beneficiaries of the subprogramme will be government authorities and country officials concerned with the areas of management for the sustainable development of natural resources, energy issues, and infrastructure and transport services. Other beneficiaries will include regional and subregional organizations, universities, academic research centres and technical, professional, labour and business organizations. Under the subprogramme, the Division will continue to consult and work in close collaboration with other agencies of the United Nations system and other organizations concerned with the areas of mining, energy and water resources, including the Latin American Energy Organization, the Union of South American Nations, the Permanent Secretariat of the General Treaty on Central American Economic Integration, the Latin American Parliament, the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States, MERCOSUR, the Ibero-American Association of Energy Regulatory Entities, the Inter-American Committee on Ports, the American Association of Port Authorities, the International Association of Maritime Economists, the Central American Commission on Maritime Transport and bilateral and multilateral organizations such as the World Bank, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Andean Development Corporation, the Fund for the Plata Watershed, the Water Regulators' Association of the Americas, CARICOM, the Mesoamerican Integration and Development Project, the World Energy Council and the Global Sustainable Electricity Partnership.

Subprogramme 9
Planning of public administration

Objective of the Organization: To improve planning processes in the region within the framework of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Strengthening of competencies and capabilities in the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean in matters of planning and public administration for development with a regional perspective and gender sensitivity	(i) Increased number of planning processes in Latin America and the Caribbean in which contributions of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES) are acknowledged by countries
	(ii) Increased number of participants who acknowledge having benefited from the training services provided by the subprogramme to develop more efficient planning and public administration programmes
	(iii) Increased percentage of readers who acknowledge having benefited from the analysis and recommendations contained in publications prepared by the subprogramme to develop more efficient planning and public administration programmes
(b) Increased coordination and exchange of best practices, and enhanced cooperation between Governments in the region and other stakeholders in matters of planning and public administration for development	(i) Increased number of public agencies and other key stakeholder organizations that participate in seminars and networks supported by the subprogramme that acknowledge enhanced cooperation, improved institutional coordination and best practices feedback
	(ii) Increased percentage of participants in forums supported by the subprogramme who acknowledge having benefited from activities and improved their coordination and exchange with participants from other Governments of the region

Strategy

18.56 The general objective of ILPES is the provision of technical cooperation services and support to member countries to strengthen States in their exercise of planning and public administration for the purposes of sustainable and inclusive development. The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development is a pertinent reference to mainstream ILPES interventions in the framework of the development strategies and priorities of countries, by providing high-value-added services, such

as studies, technical advice, training and the development of networks and communities of practice.

18.57 The preparation of the strategy and the identification of its basic components are underpinned by the Institute's work and dialogue with countries and by the systematization of their requests in terms of planning subjects and areas and the types of services requested. The strategy comprises three components. First, ILPES will coordinate the knowledge dissemination and dialogue among the planning authorities in relation to public administration and development planning experiences and good practices. The Institute has been testing two systems for that purpose: planning dialogues with high-level authorities and a repository of development plans. The second component will identify and develop the areas of planning and public administration proposed for the Institute's work, in a context of new expressions of cooperation. The third component will strengthen States in three key areas of their work: human capital competencies, the strengthening of institutions, and the relationship with citizens achieved through open government policies (by articulating and mainstreaming transparency, access to public information, accountability, open data, citizen participation, collaboration and civic innovation into policies). This will be achieved through courses, advisory services, in situ training and workshops, networks of experts and former students, and communities of practice.

Subprogramme 10
Statistics

Objective of the Organization: To improve the production, dissemination and use of quality and timely statistics for evidence-based decision-making in the economic, social and environmental fields in the region

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Progress in the implementation of the decennial strategic plan of the Statistical Conference of the Americas	(i) Increased percentage of subject areas of the strategic plan for which specific actions were implemented
	(ii) Number of methodological proposals, new indicators and statistical analysis and dissemination methods to be used by national statistical institutions of the region to improve their statistical architecture and processes in the production of national official statistics, developed by the working groups of the Statistical Conference of the Americas, with the support of ECLAC
(b) Increased technical capacity of Latin American and Caribbean countries to monitor economic, environmental and social trends and to formulate evidence-based policies	(i) Increased percentage of compliance by countries of the region with the System of National Accounts 2008 and incorporated satellite accounts, including in particular the System of Environmental-Economic Accounting 2012, in accordance with

	international recommendations and their own requirements, after receiving relevant technical support from ECLAC
	(ii) Increased number of actions taken by countries to implement ECLAC recommendations aimed at developing statistics to monitor economic, environmental and social trends
	(iii) Increased percentage of stakeholders recognizing that they have used statistical information coming from the ECLAC Statistical Yearbook or CEPALSTAT to present or analyse national and regional data for their work

Strategy

18.58 The Statistics Division will be responsible for the implementation of the subprogramme. The Division will work in close collaboration with all other ECLAC divisions and offices in areas such as gender-sensitive indicators, the use of economic indicators and demographic data, the provision of data from household surveys and other social indicators, the development of environmental indicators and the provision of information to follow up and review the progress made on the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals.

18.59 The strategy for reaching the established objective will be based on three main lines of activities: (a) activities aimed at increasing the development of methodological statistics in the region, as well as promoting initiatives leading to the development of region-specific indicators; (b) the provision of specialized advisory services to strengthen the technical and institutional capacities of countries in the area of statistics, including the organization of meetings and seminars, the promotion of South-South cooperation and the development of networks to strengthen the harmonization of statistics and coordination of initiatives; and (c) the promotion of best practices in methodologies for official statistics and the dissemination of data. The activities of the subprogramme will also reflect the decisions taken by the Statistical Conference of the Americas of ECLAC, in particular those related to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and will be closely coordinated with those of the working groups of the Conference. The subprogramme will act as coordinator of regional and global activities.

18.60 The main beneficiaries of the subprogramme will be the national statistical systems of the region, the private sector, academia and civil society. Main partners will be the Statistics Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs, the regional commissions and other United Nation statistics entities. Collaboration with other international agencies (such as the Inter-American Development Bank, ILO, IMF, the World Bank and WTO) and international expert groups (such as the Intersecretariat Working Group on National Accounts) will also be reinforced. Furthermore, through the active participation of the subprogramme in global events (in particular the Statistical Commission and the Committee for the Coordination of Statistics Activities), region-specific experiences, features and positions will be conveyed to global forums.

18.61 Cooperation with bilateral and multilateral partners will be enhanced, and major emphasis will be placed on promoting the adoption of new international recommendations and standards, facilitating the participation of countries in the International Comparison Programme, improving basic economic, environmental and social statistics, and developing methodologies and indicators for the measurement of monetary and multidimensional poverty, inequality, social cohesion and other aspects of welfare.

18.62 The visibility of the work of the subprogramme will be further strengthened through the continuous updating and development of the Commission's statistics website and its online economic, environmental and social statistics and indicators database, CEPALSTAT. The Commission's main publications and findings will be widely disseminated among policymakers, academics and other stakeholders both within and outside the region at international events and key forums.

Subprogramme 11
Subregional activities in Central America, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Haiti and Mexico

Objective of the Organization: To enhance dynamic growth, structural transformation and sustainable and inclusive development with equality, within a robust and democratic institutional framework aligned with the internationally agreed sustainable development goals of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Strengthened institutional capacity of the countries in the subregion to address economic and social issues, particularly regarding multidimensional equality (including gender, ethnicity and territory) and ending poverty	(i) Increased number of governmental institutions in the subregion that consider ECLAC analysis and policy recommendations in the formulation of their respective social and economic national development agendas, particularly those relating to multidimensional equality and ending poverty
	(ii) Increased number of key stakeholders who acknowledge that they have benefited from ECLAC outputs and services to address economic and social issues, particularly regarding multidimensional equality (including gender, ethnicity and territory) and ending poverty
(b) Increased technical capacity of the countries in the subregion to design, implement and evaluate policies and measures for economic development and structural transformation, trade and integration, and sustainable development, including energy, agriculture and climate change, among others	(i) Increased number of governmental, private sector and academic institutions in the subregion that consider ECLAC analysis, methodologies and policy recommendations in the formulation of policies and measures for economic development and structural transformation, trade and integration, and sustainable development, including energy, agriculture and climate change, among others

	(ii) Increased number of key stakeholders who acknowledge having benefited from ECLAC products and services to design, implement and evaluate policies and measures for economic development and structural transformation, trade and integration, and sustainable development, including energy, agriculture and climate change, among others

Strategy

18.63 The subprogramme focuses on the countries of Central America, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Haiti and Mexico and will be executed by the ECLAC subregional headquarters in Mexico in close coordination with other ECLAC divisions and offices. The strategy to be followed will focus on the national development agendas and strategic reforms and their economic, social and sectoral impacts; social pacts for equality; migration and young populations; social inclusion in a context of violence; a long-term subregional energy development strategy; trade facilitation and promotion of the social and sustainability benefits of trade; the strengthening of subregional integration; industrial policies and value chains; macroeconomic modelling for key public sector planning entities; and sustainable and inclusive climate change adaptation with joint benefits associated with the transition towards environmentally sustainable economies with low greenhouse gas emissions. The strategy will also place particular emphasis on the relevant provisions of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, in particular with respect to ending poverty and hunger, promoting sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth and productivity, fostering innovation, furthering gender equality and empowering all women and girls, supporting sustainable agriculture and the management of energy, and climate change adaptation and the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions.

18.64 The subprogramme strategy will consist of efforts to strengthen the capacity of countries to formulate strategies and policies that promote subregional and regional cooperation. It will focus on generating, disseminating and applying innovative and sound approaches to addressing the subregion's development challenges. Under the subprogramme, ECLAC will undertake analytical work, including the recommendation of policy options for consideration by member States, taking into full consideration their different national contexts. Work will focus on continuing to strengthen multisectoral and interdisciplinary analysis, processing and systematizing data for the maintenance and updating of relevant databases, and developing analytical models with quantitative and qualitative tools. The Commission's subregional headquarters in Mexico will further increase its close collaboration and cooperation with national stakeholders and regional integration institutions in order to strengthen their capacities through the provision of advisory services, training and fellowships and the organization and promotion of forums to facilitate policy dialogue.

18.65 The main beneficiaries of the subprogramme will be government authorities and officials of the countries of the region, civil society entities and academic and private sector institutions, and subregional and regional entities, such as those involved in the Central American integration scheme.

Subprogramme 12
Subregional activities in the Caribbean

Objective of the Organization: To strengthen the sustainable development process in the Caribbean in its economic, social and environmental dimensions and enhance the subregion's cooperation with Latin America

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Improved capacity of countries in the subregion to address economic, social and environmental development issues in an integrated manner	(i) Increased number of policies, programmes and measures in the areas of economic, social and environmental development formulated, adopted or updated by countries of the subregion, informed by ECLAC analyses and recommendations
	(ii) Increased number of government institutions, policymakers and other stakeholders acknowledging that they have benefited from ECLAC products and services to improve their work and better address economic, social and environmental development needs
(b) Improved institutional capacity in countries of the subregion in the pursuit and achievement of the targets of the major subregional, regional and/or international agreements in the economic, social and environmental fields, including the Sustainable Development Goals	Increased number of policies, programmes and measures adopted or updated to address the major subregional, regional and/or international agreements in the economic, social and environmental fields, including the Sustainable Development Goals, in line with ECLAC technical input, analyses and recommendations
(c) Enhanced subregional dialogue, cooperation and collaboration in the Caribbean to articulate and formulate strategic responses to the Sustainable Development Goals and other economic, social and environmental development needs	Increased number of Caribbean institutions and other stakeholders engaged in subregional dialogue and/or cooperation and collaboration mechanisms coordinated by ECLAC that advance the economic, social and environmental development of the countries of the subregion

Strategy

18.66 The implementation of the subprogramme rests with the ECLAC subregional headquarters in Port of Spain. The strategy is built on four pillars. First, the implementation of the activities will occur within the context of coordination and collaboration with other divisions of ECLAC and the wider United Nations system. Secondly, as the secretariat for the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee, the subregional headquarters for the Caribbean will, through alignment with the guidance provided by the Committee and the identification of priority areas and development challenges, ensure the continued relevance of the work of the

subregional headquarters to the needs of the subregion. Thirdly, the activities will facilitate the active engagement of Caribbean countries in the follow-up to global conferences, including those deriving from the Sustainable Development Goals, which underpin the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Fourthly, the response to the development needs of the countries served by the subprogramme will adopt a multidisciplinary approach, including: (a) promoting financing for development, sound fiscal management and market diversification, in the context of assimilating Caribbean economies into the global economy; (b) broadening the monitoring mechanism for measuring progress in the implementation of the SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway; (c) facilitating wider application of ICT for development and knowledge management; (d) enhancing the role of social development in the context of the broader sustainable development process; and (e) strengthening the statistical capacity of Caribbean countries to support more effective evidence-based policymaking.

18.67 To that end, the subregional headquarters will undertake research and analysis with regard to the emerging issues and challenges facing the Caribbean and work closely with Caribbean development partners, namely, the CARICOM secretariat and CARICOM-related institutions, the Association of Caribbean States secretariat, the Organisation of Eastern Caribbean States secretariat, the Caribbean Development Bank, the Caribbean Development Fund and the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank, and international development partners such as the Canadian International Development Agency, the German Agency for International Cooperation, the Inter-American Development Bank and the European Union, to inform policymaking in Caribbean countries, including through the provision of advisory and technical cooperation services. Ultimately, the visibility of the work and major achievements of the subregional headquarters will be enhanced through a vibrant outreach programme, including more active engagement of Caribbean countries.

Subprogramme 13
Support for regional and subregional integration and cooperation processes and organizations

Objective of the Organization: To enhance regional and subregional integration processes, their convergence, and the participation of Latin America and the Caribbean in interregional and global political dialogues

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	*Indicators of achievement*
(a) Improved capacity of regional and subregional mechanisms to deepen their integration processes and promote their convergence	(i) Increased number of technical and substantive inputs provided by the Commission that are used to facilitate regional debate and consensus-building on social (including gender equality), economic and sustainable development issues, at the request of regional and subregional mechanisms

	(ii) Increased number of joint activities or initiatives in which various regional and subregional schemes and mechanisms participate to deepen their integration processes and promote their convergence
(b) Enhanced political dialogue of regional and subregional schemes with third parties and extraregional actors	(i) Increased number of technical and substantive inputs provided by the Commission that are used to facilitate regional dialogue and allow agreements with third parties, including extraregional partners or mechanisms, on social issues (including gender equality), economic and sustainable development issues, at the request of regional and subregional mechanisms
	(ii) Increased number of instances in which regionally agreed positions are presented in global forums or summits with technical support from ECLAC

Strategy

18.68 Responsibility for the implementation of the subprogramme rests with the Office of the Secretary of ECLAC, which reports to the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Commission. Given its multidisciplinary approach, the subprogramme will work in close coordination with the rest of the ECLAC substantive divisions and the subregional and national offices.

18.69 The strategy will focus on providing technical and logistical support to the Latin American and Caribbean integration and cooperation organizations, mechanisms and coordination schemes, both in support of their own agendas, in their convergence efforts and initiatives and in external interactions with third parties, in order to strengthen regional and subregional groups and schemes in Latin America and the Caribbean, which will help those organizations to build consensus concerning new challenges in regional integration and cooperation, pursue social, economic and sustainable development and engage in political dialogue with third parties. Assistance will also be provided in the follow-up to agreements and their respective implementation mechanisms.

18.70 The Office of the Secretary of the Commission will work closely with the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States, the Union of South American Nations, the Andean Community, CARICOM, the Latin American Integration Association, MERCOSUR, the Bolivarian Alliance for the Peoples of Our America-Peoples' Trade Agreement and the Central American Integration System. Collaboration with other bilateral and multilateral cooperation partners will be enhanced.

18.71 The main beneficiaries of the subprogramme will be the Governments of the region and officials involved with all the integration processes in the economic, social, and political spheres, as well as other stakeholders from the business and civil society sectors.

18.72 Lastly, the subprogramme will seek to ensure the visibility of its work through a dynamic outreach programme, including active engagement with member States, the wide dissemination of publications and findings at international events and relevant conferences, and participation in key forums involving relevant policymakers, academics and other stakeholders from both within and outside the region.

Legislative mandates

General Assembly resolutions

55/2	United Nations Millennium Declaration
58/269	Strengthening of the United Nations: an agenda for further change
59/57	*A Fair Globalization: Creating Opportunities for All* — report of the World Commission on the Social Dimension of Globalization
60/1	2005 World Summit Outcome
60/4	Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations
63/260	Development-related activities
64/172	The right to development
64/222	Nairobi outcome document of the High-level United Nations Conference on South-South Cooperation
64/289	System-wide coherence
65/1	Keeping the promise: united to achieve the Millennium Development Goals
66/71	International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space
66/84	Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations
66/125	Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly
66/155	The right to development
66/157	Strengthening United Nations action in the field of human rights through the promotion of international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity
66/161	Globalization and its impact on the full enjoyment of all human rights
66/210	Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence
66/213	Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries
66/215	Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017)

66/216	Women in development
66/288	The future we want
67/140	Realizing the Millennium Development Goals and other internationally agreed development goals for persons with disabilities towards 2015 and beyond
67/164	Human rights and extreme poverty
67/217	Towards a New International Economic Order
67/226	Quadrennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system
67/230	The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order
68/1	Review of the implementation of General Assembly resolution 61/16 on the strengthening of the Economic and Social Council
68/4	Declaration of the High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development
68/6	Outcome document of the special event to follow up efforts made towards achieving the Millennium Development Goals
68/158	The right to development
68/198	Information and communications technologies for development
68/201	International financial system and development
68/202	External debt sustainability and development
68/204	Follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development
68/210	Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development and of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development
68/220	Science, technology and innovation for development
68/222	Development cooperation with middle-income countries
68/226	Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017)
68/230	South-South cooperation
68/234	Towards global partnerships: a principle-based approach to enhanced cooperation between the United Nations and all relevant partners
69/313	Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the Third International Conference on Finance for Development (Addis Ababa Action Agenda)
70/1	Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Economic and Social Council resolutions and decisions

2004/310	Implementation of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits
2012/2	The role of the United Nations system in implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to education
2012/9	Poverty eradication
2012/30	Role of the Economic and Social Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, in the light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16
2013/5	Progress in the implementation of General Assembly resolution 67/226 on the quadrennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system
2013/16	Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system
2013/44	Follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

650 (XXXIII)	Brasilia Resolution
666 (XXXIV)	San Salvador Resolution
690 (XXXV)	Lima Resolution

Subprogramme 1
Linkages with the global economy, regional integration and cooperation

General Assembly resolutions

63/199	International Labour Organization Declaration on Social Justice for a Fair Globalization
66/210	Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence
68/199	International trade and development
69/227	Towards a New International Economic Order

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

552 (XXVI)	Strengthening sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean
608 (XXX)	Promotion of coordination in studies and activities concerning South America

Subprogramme 2
Production and innovation

General Assembly resolutions and decisions

60/252	World Summit on the Information Society
63/199	International Labour Organization Declaration on Social Justice for a Fair Globalization
63/277	Organization of the United Nations conference at the highest level on the world financial and economic crisis and its impact on development
64/140	Improvement of the situation of women in rural areas
65/175	Industrial development cooperation
66/195	Agricultural technology for development
66/211	Science and technology for development
66/217	Human resources development
66/220	Agriculture development and food security
67/202	Entrepreneurship for development
67/225	Industrial development cooperation
67/564	Board of the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production patterns

Economic and Social Council resolutions and decisions

2008/18	Promoting full employment and decent work for all
2009/5	Recovering from the crisis: a Global Jobs Pact
2009/7	Assessment of the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the World Summit on the Information Society
2009/220	Report of the Secretary-General on enhanced cooperation on public policy issues pertaining to the Internet
2010/2	Assessment of the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the World Summit on the Information Society
2010/3	Science and technology for development
2011/37	Recovering from the world financial and economic crisis: a Global Jobs Pact
2015/26	Assessment of the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the World Summit on the Information Society
2015/27	Science, technology and innovation for development

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

653 (XXXIII)	Follow-up to the Plan of Action for the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean
672 (XXXIV)	Establishment of the Conference on Science, Innovation and Information and Communications Technologies of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

Subprogramme 3
Macroeconomic policies and growth

General Assembly resolutions

63/199	International Labour Organization Declaration on Social Justice for a Fair Globalization
63/277	Organization of the United Nations conference at the highest level on the world financial and economic crisis and its impact on development
63/303	Outcome of the Conference on the World Financial and Economic Crisis and Its Impact on Development
63/305	Establishment of an ad hoc open-ended working group of the General Assembly to follow up on the issues contained in the Outcome of the Conference on the World Financial and Economic Crisis and Its Impact on Development
64/193	Follow-up to and implementation of the Monterrey Consensus and the outcome of the 2008 Review Conference (Doha Declaration on Financing for Development)
65/146	Innovative mechanisms of financing for development
65/313	Follow-up to the Conference on the World Financial and Economic Crisis and Its Impact on Development
66/188	Addressing excessive price volatility in food and related financial and commodity markets
67/12	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System
67/217	Towards a New International Economic Order
67/218	Promoting transparency, participation and accountability in fiscal policies
67/300	Modalities for the sixth High-level Dialogue on Financing for Development

Economic and Social Council resolutions

2008/16	Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters
2008/18	Promoting full employment and decent work for all
2009/5	Recovering from the crisis: a Global Jobs Pact

2009/30	A strengthened and more effective intergovernmental inclusive process to carry out the financing for development follow-up
2011/39	Follow-up to the Outcome of the Conference on the World Financial and Economic Crisis and Its Impact on Development: consideration of the possible establishment of an ad hoc panel of experts
2013/24	Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

654 (XXXIII)	Activities of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean in relation to follow-up to the Millennium Development Goals and implementation of the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields
655 (XXXIII)	Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee
669 (XXXIV)	Activities of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean in relation to follow-up to the Millennium Development Goals and implementation of the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Subprogramme 4
Social development and equality

General Assembly resolutions

64/130	Policies and programmes involving youth
64/133	Follow-up to the tenth anniversary of the International Year of the Family and beyond
64/134	Proclamation of 2010 as International Year of Youth: Dialogue and Mutual Understanding
64/139	Violence against women migrant workers
64/164	Elimination of all forms of intolerance and of discrimination based on religion or belief
64/215	Legal empowerment of the poor and eradication of poverty
65/183	United Nations Literacy Decade: education for all
65/199	Inadmissibility of certain practices that contribute to fuelling contemporary forms of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance
65/211	Elimination of all forms of intolerance and of discrimination based on religion or belief
65/212	Protection of migrants

65/240	Global efforts for the total elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance and the comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action
66/121	Policies and programmes involving youth
66/123	Cooperatives in social development
66/126	Preparations for and observance of the twentieth anniversary of the International Year of the Family
66/127	Follow-up to the Second World Assembly on Ageing
66/128	Violence against women migrant workers
66/132	Follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly
66/140	The girl child
66/141	Rights of the child
66/143	Inadmissibility of certain practices that contribute to fuelling contemporary forms of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance
66/144	Global efforts for the total elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance and the comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action
66/150	Torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment
66/158	The right to food
66/160	International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance
66/164	Promotion of the Declaration on the Right and Responsibility of Individuals, Groups and Organs of Society to Promote and Protect Universally Recognized Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms
66/165	Protection of and assistance to internally displaced persons
66/166	Effective promotion of the Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
66/168	Elimination of all forms of intolerance and of discrimination based on religion or belief
66/172	Protection of migrants
66/173	Follow-up to the International Year of Human Rights Learning
66/217	Human resources development

Economic and Social Council resolutions

2009/5	Recovering from the crisis: a Global Jobs Pact
2011/23	Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters
2012/11	Mainstreaming disability in the development agenda
2014/32	Establishment of the Regional Conference on Social Development in Latin America and the Caribbean
2015/3	Social dimensions of the New Partnership for Africa's Development
2015/4	Promoting the rights of persons with disabilities and strengthening the mainstreaming of disability in the post-2015 development agenda

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

657 (XXXIII)	Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean
685 (XXXV)	Activities of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean in relation to follow-up to the Millennium Development Goals and implementation of the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields
686 (XXXV)	Application of Principle 10 of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean
687 (XXXV)	The regional dimension of the post-2015 development agenda
688 (XXXV)	South-South cooperation
691 (XXXV)	Ministerial Conference on the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean

Subprogramme 5
Mainstreaming the gender perspective in regional development

General Assembly resolutions

63/174	Effective promotion of the Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
66/128	Violence against women migrant workers
66/140	The girl child
66/165	Protection of and assistance to internally displaced persons
66/166	Effective promotion of the Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
66/173	Follow-up to the International Year of Human Rights Learning
67/139	Towards a comprehensive and integral international legal instrument to promote and protect the rights and dignity of older persons
67/145	Trafficking in women and girls

67/148	Follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly
67/149	Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
67/152	Rights of the child
67/172	Protection of migrants
67/174	The right to food
67/185	Promoting efforts to eliminate violence against migrants, migrant workers and their families
67/190	Improving the coordination of efforts against trafficking in persons
68/137	Violence against women migrant workers
68/138	Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
68/139	Improvement of the situation of women in rural areas
68/141	Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
68/160	Enhancement of international cooperation in the field of human rights
68/172	Effective promotion of the Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
68/177	The right to food
68/180	Protection of and assistance to internally displaced persons
68/181	Promotion of the Declaration on the Right and Responsibility of Individuals, Groups and Organs of Society to Promote and Protect Universally Recognized Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms: protecting women human rights defenders
68/191	Taking action against gender-related killing of women and girls
68/192	Improving the coordination of efforts against trafficking in persons
68/228	Human resources development
69/61	Women, disarmament, non-proliferation and arms control
69/132	Global health and foreign policy
69/146	Follow-up to the Second World Assembly on Ageing
69/147	Intensification of efforts to eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls
69/149	Trafficking in women and girls
69/151	Follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly

69/152	Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
69/156	Child, early and forced marriage
69/157	Rights of the child
69/158	Protecting children from bullying
69/167	Protection of migrants
69/176	Promotion of peace as a vital requirement for the full enjoyment of all human rights by all
69/177	The right to food
69/187	Migrant children and adolescents
69/183	Human rights and extreme poverty
69/236	World Survey on the Role of Women in Development
70/1	Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Economic and Social Council resolutions

2008/33	Strengthening coordination of the United Nations and other efforts in fighting trafficking in persons
2009/15	Future organization and methods of work of the Commission on the Status of Women
2009/16	Working Group on Communications on the Status of Women of the Commission on the Status of Women
2012/16	Promoting efforts to eliminate violence against migrants, migrant workers and their families
2014/2	Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system
2014/5	Promoting empowerment of people in achieving poverty eradication, social integration and full employment and decent work for all

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

615 (XXXI)	International migration
657 (XXXIII)	Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean
658 (XXXIII)	Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean
667 (XXXIV)	Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean
677 (XXXV)	Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean
690 (XXXV)	Lima resolution

Subprogramme 6
Population and development

General Assembly resolutions

S-21/2	Key actions for the further implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development
59/174	Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People
61/295	United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous People
64/139	Violence against women migrant workers
65/198	Indigenous issues
68/134	Follow-up to the Second World Assembly on Ageing
68/137	Violence against women migrant workers
68/140	Follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly
68/149	Rights of indigenous peoples
68/151	Global efforts for the total elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance and the comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action
68/172	Effective promotion of the Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
68/179	Protection of migrants

Economic and Social Council decisions

2012/232	Special session of the General Assembly on follow-up to the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014
2013/237	Report of the Commission on Population and Development on its forty-sixth session and provisional agenda for its forty-seventh session

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

569 (XXVII)	Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre — Population Division of ECLAC
615 (XXXI)	International migration
644 (XXXII)	Population and development: priority activities for the period 2008-2010
657 (XXXIII)	Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean
670 (XXXIV)	Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

681 (XXXV)	Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean

Subprogramme 7
Sustainable development and human settlements

General Assembly resolutions

59/237	United Nations Decade of Education for Sustainable Development
63/210	Reliable and stable transit of energy and its role in ensuring sustainable development and international cooperation
63/215	International cooperation to reduce the impact of the El Niño phenomenon
63/217	Natural disasters and vulnerability
63/219	Convention on Biological Diversity
63/281	Climate change and its possible security implications
64/200	International Strategy for Disaster Reduction
64/203	Convention on Biological Diversity
64/205	Sustainable mountain development
64/206	Promotion of new and renewable sources of energy
67/200	International Day of Forests
67/205	Towards the sustainable development of the Caribbean Sea for present and future generations
67/207	Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States
67/208	International cooperation to reduce the impact of the El Niño phenomenon
67/210	Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind
67/211	Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa
67/212	Implementation of the Convention on Biological Diversity and its contribution to sustainable development
67/214	Harmony with Nature
67/216	Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

67/223	Promotion of ecotourism for poverty eradication and environment protection
67/290	Format and organizational aspects of the high-level political forum on sustainable development
67/300	Modalities for the sixth High-level Dialogue on Financing for Development
68/70	Oceans and the law of the sea

Economic and Social Council resolutions

2009/28	The role of the United Nations system in implementing the ministerial declaration on the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development adopted at the high-level segment of the substantive session of the Economic and Social Council in 2008
2013/22	Human settlements

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

594 (XXIX)	World Summit on Sustainable Development
602 (XXX)	Monitoring sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean
669 (XXXIV)	Activities of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean in relation to follow-up to the Millennium Development Goals and implementation of the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Subprogramme 8
Natural resources and infrastructure

General Assembly resolutions

62/98	Non-legally binding instrument on all types of forests
63/210	Reliable and stable transit of energy and its role in ensuring sustainable development and international cooperation
64/198	Midterm comprehensive review of the implementation of the International Decade for Action, "Water for Life", 2005-2015
66/200	Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind
66/203	Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its twenty-sixth session
66/205	Sustainable mountain development
66/260	Improving global road safety

67/207	Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States
67/215	Promotion of new and renewable sources of energy
67/222	Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation
67/263	Reliable and stable transit of energy and its role in ensuring sustainable development and international cooperation
69/213	Role of transport and transit corridors in ensuring international cooperation for sustainable development
70/1	Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Economic and Social Council resolutions and decisions

2004/233	United Nations Framework Classification for Fossil Energy and Mineral Resources
2006/49	Outcome of the sixth session of the United Nations Forum on Forests
2011/25	Work of the Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

552 (XXVI)	Strengthening sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean
564 (XXVII)	Aruba resolution on the fiscal covenant: strengths, weaknesses, challenges
602 (XXX)	Monitoring sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean
669 (XXXIV)	Activities of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean in relation to follow-up to the Millennium Development Goals and implementation of the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Subprogramme 9
Planning of public administration

General Assembly resolutions

67/218	Promoting transparency, participation and accountability in fiscal policies
67/289	The United Nations in global economic governance
69/327	Promoting inclusive and accountable public services for sustainable development

Economic and Social Council resolutions

2013/23	Report of the Committee of Experts on Public Administration on its twelfth session
2015/28	Report of the Committee of Experts on Public Administration on its fourteenth session

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions and decisions

671 (XXXIV)	Support for the work of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning
679 (XXXV)	Support for the work of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning

Subprogramme 10
Statistics

General Assembly resolutions

67/148	Follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly
68/261	Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics

Economic and Social Council resolutions and decisions

2000/7	Establishment of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean
2006/6	Strengthening statistical capacity
2009/237	Report of the Statistical Commission on its fortieth session and provisional agenda and dates for the forty-first session of the Commission
2013/21	Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics
2013/235	Report of the Statistical Commission on its forty-fourth session and the provisional agenda and dates for the forty-fifth session of the Commission

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

649 (XXXIII)	Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean
668 (XXXIV)	Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

Subprogramme 11
Subregional activities in Central America, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Haiti and Mexico

General Assembly resolutions

58/117	International assistance to and cooperation with the Alliance for the Sustainable Development of Central America
59/174	Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People
63/19	The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development
63/281	Climate change and its possible security implications
64/212	Science and technology for development
66/131	Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
66/211	Science and technology for development
67/12	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System
67/143	Follow-up to the Second World Assembly on Ageing
67/144	Intensification of efforts to eliminate all forms of violence against women
67/148	Follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly
67/153	Rights of indigenous peoples
67/172	Protection of migrants
67/174	The right to food
67/210	Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind
67/215	Promotion of new and renewable sources of energy
67/216	Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)
67/228	Agriculture development and food security

68/207	Sustainable tourism and sustainable development in Central America
68/210	Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development and of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development
68/220	Science, technology and innovation for development
68/222	Development cooperation with middle-income countries
68/226	Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017)
68/230	South-South cooperation
68/234	Towards global partnerships: a principle-based approach to enhanced cooperation between the United Nations and all relevant partners
69/16	Programme of activities for the implementation of the International Decade for People of African Descent
69/146	Follow-up to the Second World Assembly on Ageing
69/151	Follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly
69/159	Rights of indigenous peoples
69/167	Protection of migrants
69/181	The right to development
69/183	Human rights and extreme poverty
69/187	Migrant children and adolescents
69/202	The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order
69/207	External debt sustainability and development
69/220	Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind
69/225	Promotion of new and renewable sources of energy
69/226	Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)
69/227	Towards a New International Economic Order
69/229	International migration and development
69/231	Follow-up to the Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries

69/235	Industrial development cooperation
69/239	South-South cooperation
69/240	Agriculture development, food security and nutrition
69/277	Political declaration on strengthening cooperation between the United Nations and regional and subregional organizations
69/315	Draft outcome document of the United Nations summit for the adoption of the post-2015 development agenda

Economic and Social Council resolutions and decisions

2004/52	Long-term programme of support for Haiti
2004/310	Implementation of and follow-up to major United Nations conferences and summits
2009/28	The role of the United Nations system in implementing the ministerial declaration on the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development adopted at the high-level segment of the substantive session of the Economic and Social Council in 2008
2010/12	Promoting social integration
2010/25	Recovering from the world financial and economic crisis: a Global Jobs Pact
2011/5	The role of the United Nations system in implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to gender equality and the empowerment of women
2012/6	Science and technology for development
2012/30	Role of the Economic and Social Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, in the light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean resolutions

552 (XXVI)	Strengthening sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean
615 (XXXI)	International migration
624 (XXXI)	Support for the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti
650 (XXXIII)	Brasilia resolution
653 (XXXIII)	Follow-up to the Plan of Action for the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean
666 (XXXIV)	San Salvador resolution

Subprogramme 12
Subregional activities in the Caribbean

General Assembly resolutions

55/2	United Nations Millennium Declaration
57/144	Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit
57/270 B	Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic and social fields
58/220	Economic and technical cooperation among developing countries
58/230	Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the International Conference on Financing for Development
58/269	Strengthening of the United Nations: an agenda for further change
59/57	*A Fair Globalization: Creating Opportunities for All* — report of the World Commission on the Social Dimension of Globalization
60/1	2005 World Summit Outcome
60/4	Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations
60/188	Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the International Conference on Financing for Development
60/265	Follow-up to the development outcome of the 2005 World Summit, including the Millennium Development Goals and the other internationally agreed development goals
61/16	Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council
62/165	Strengthening United Nations action in the field of human rights through the promotion of international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity
62/199	Globalization and interdependence
62/203	Third United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries
62/209	South-South cooperation
62/211	Towards global partnerships
63/12	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System
63/222	Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence

63/228	Groups of countries in special situations: specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation
63/232	Operational activities for development
63/260	Development-related activities
64/1	High-level United Nations Conference on South-South Cooperation
64/158	Strengthening United Nations action in the field of human rights through the promotion of international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity
64/172	The right to development
64/184	Organization of the High-level Plenary Meeting of the sixty-fifth session of the General Assembly
64/208	Development cooperation with middle-income countries
64/210	Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence
64/213	Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries
64/216	Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017)
64/222	Nairobi outcome document of the High-level United Nations Conference on South-South Cooperation
64/223	Towards global partnerships
64/289	System-wide coherence
65/31	Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization
65/120	The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order
65/152	Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development
65/168	Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence

65/172	Groups of countries in special situations: specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation
65/177	Operational activities for development of the United Nations system
65/185	Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly
65/214	Human rights and extreme poverty
65/216	Globalization and its impact on the full enjoyment of all human rights
66/84	Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations
67/215	Promotion of new and renewable sources of energy
67/223	Promotion of ecotourism for poverty eradication and environment protection
67/290	Format and organizational aspects of the high-level political forum on sustainable development
67/300	Modalities for the sixth High-level Dialogue on Financing for Development

Economic and Social Council resolutions and decisions

2008/37	Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010
2009/28	The role of the United Nations system in implementing the ministerial declaration on the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to sustainable development adopted at the high-level segment of the substantive session of the Economic and Social Council in 2008
2009/29	Role of the Economic and Social Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, in the light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16
2011/5	The role of the United Nations system in implementing the internationally agreed goals and commitments in regard to gender equality and the empowerment of women
2011/6	Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system

2011/27	Further promotion of equalization of opportunities by, for and with persons with disabilities and mainstreaming disability in the development agenda
2011/216	Role of the Economic and Social Council in the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, in the light of relevant General Assembly resolutions, including resolution 61/16
2012/5	Assessment of the progress made in the implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the World Summit on the Information Society
2012/24	Mainstreaming a gender perspective into all policies and programmes in the United Nations system
2013/28	Mainstreaming disability in the development agenda: towards 2015 and beyond
2013/29	Second review and appraisal of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing, 2002
2013/43	Support to Non-Self-Governing Territories by the specialized agencies and international institutions associated with the United Nations

Economic and Social Council agreed conclusions

2002/1	Agreed conclusions on strengthening further the Economic and Social Council, building on its recent achievements, to help it fulfil the role ascribed to it in the Charter of the United Nations as contained in the United Nations Millennium Declaration

Subprogramme 13
Support to regional and subregional integration and cooperation processes and organizations

General Assembly resolutions

65/177	Operational activities for development of the United Nations system
66/223	Towards global partnerships
67/249	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community

Economic and Social Council resolutions

2014/32	Establishment of the Regional Conference on Social Development in Latin America and the Caribbean